Chapter 3 Quadratic Equations and Complex Numbers

- 1. Solving Quadratic Equations
- 2. Complex Numbers
- 3. Completing the Square
- 4. Using the Quadratic Formula
- 5. Solving Nonlinear Systems
- 6. Quadratic Inequalities



Solve by graphing



1 of 5

 $x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$

2 of 5

Solve algebraically

a. $2x^2 + 14 = 70$ $x = \pm 2\sqrt{7}$ b. $\frac{2}{3}x^2 + 14 = 20$ $x = \pm 3$

3 of 5

Solve by factoring

a.
$$x^2 + 2x = 48$$

 $x = \{6, -8\}$

b.
$$3x^2 - 5x = 2$$

 $x = \left\{2, -\frac{1}{3}\right\}$

Solve by factoring

- **19.** $x^2 + x 6 = 0$
- **22.** $x^2 4x + 4 = 0$

25.
$$x^2 - 36 = 0$$

20. $x^2 + 3x - 10 = 0$

4 of 5

- **23.** $x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$
- **26.** $x^2 2x 15 = 0$

5 of 5

Solve by factoring

$$x^4 - 5x^2 + 4 = 0$$

 $x = \{\pm 1, \pm 2\}$